(2) Natural disasters

1 Earthquakes

A Earthquakes and tsunamis

Earthquakes frequently occur in Japan, and a tsunami may occur after there is an earthquake.

B Earthquake preparedness

Please be prepared.

- Secure all furniture to prevent it from falling over,
- Do not put anything heavy or fragile on top of furniture or shelves.
- Create an emergency kit that contains a few bottles of water, ready-to-eat food, and other items that are absolutely necessary in your daily life and may be useful in the event of a disaster.
- Review the "Disaster prevention guide for emergencies" leaflet created by Izumisano city to learn how and to where you should evacuate in the event of a disaster.

C What to do when an earthquake hits

If you are at home or in a building

- Hide under a desk. Use or cushion or something to protect your head.
- If you are in the middle of doing something like cooking, stay calm and turn the gas off after the shaking has subsided.
- Open a door that leads to the outside to secure a way out as you may not be able to open it later.

If you are in an elevator

- Push the buttons for all the floors and get off at the first floor it stops at.
- If the door does not open, keep pushing the "Emergency Call Button" and wait for a response.

If you are outside

- Stay away from walls and buildings as they may collapse or falling objects may hit you.
- Move to an open area where there are no buildings.

If you are driving

To avoid accidents due to braking suddenly, slow down and stop on the left side of the road.

If you are on a train or bus

- Hang on to a strap or bar tightly to prevent yourself from falling.
- After the train stops, do not attempt to get off the train on your own. Follow the instructions from the conductor or train crew.

D When the shaking has subsided after an earthquake

Fires are likely to occur after an earthquake.

- Turn off any gas appliances you are using.
- · Close the main gas valve.
- · Shut off the circuit breaker.

Aftershocks often occur following the main earthquake.

- Stay calm and start to evacuate. Take only what is necessary with you such as your emergency kit.
- Be sure to put shoes on as there may be broken glass and debris in and around the building.
- Do not use elevators. Use stairs.

A tsunami occurs after an earthquake.

- If you are near the ocean or a river, immediately move to higher ground.
- Even if you are not near the ocean or a river, you should move to an evacuation shelter that is on higher ground after a big earthquake.
- Be sure to help your neighbors.

② Typhoons/Torrential rain

A Typhoons and Torrential rain

In Japan, most typhoons hit between July and October and cause strong winds and heavy rain. Torrential rain means heavy rain that is concentrated in a limited area.

<What happens when a typhoon or torrential rain hits>

- Landslides, flooding, and flooded homes due to heavy rain
- Injuries caused by flying objects
- Blackouts

B Before a typhoon or torrential rain approaches

- Bring anything that is on the balcony into the house.
- Check the weather news on the TV/radio frequently for the latest warnings and evacuation information.
- Check where the nearest evacuation shelter to your home is.
- Review the "Disaster prevention guide for emergencies" leaflet created by Izumisano city to learn how and to where you should evacuate in the event of a disaster.

C When a typhoon or torrential rain hits your area

- Stay away from windows as flying objects may break them.
- Stay away from the ocean and rivers.
- Do not go outside when a typhoon or torrential rain is approaching.
- Move to a safe building nearby if you are outside.
- Keep an emergency kit on hand and prepare to evacuate if necessary.